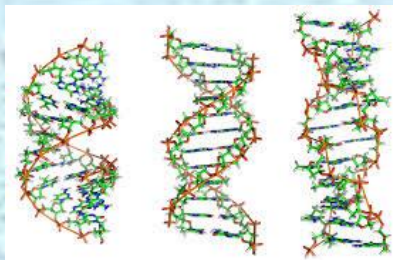
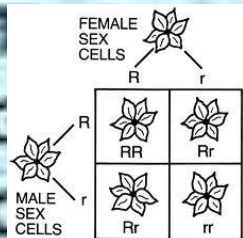
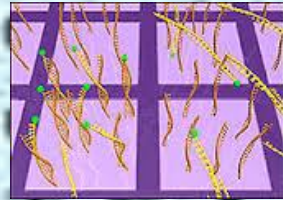
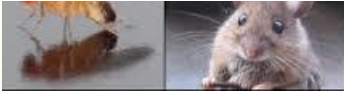


# Xia- Gibbs Syndrome: June 2022 Update

**Richard Gibbs AC Ph.D.,  
Baylor College of Medicine - Human Genome Sequencing Center**



**NO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST TO DECLARE**

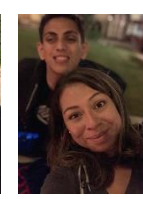
- Thank you: XGS families,
- XGS Society and Advisors,
- Lab members, past and present  
 Varuna Chander, Jianhong Hu  
 Michael Khayat, Shoudong Li;  
 Moez Dawood, Adam Hansen,  
 Aniko Sabo, Mullai Murugan  
 He Li, George Weissenberger,  
 Helen Shen
- Colleagues
- Funding
  - XGS-Society
  - Private Donation



Monica  
Pendleton



Arika  
Estep



Jeanine  
Garcia



Molly  
Nelson



Greg  
Wilkinson



Emily  
Wilkinson



Catherine  
Brownstein



Wendy  
Chung



Megan  
Odgers



Jianhong Hu



Varuna  
Chander



Michael  
Khayat



He Li



Moez Dawood



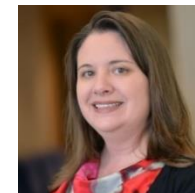
Mullai Murugan



Adam Hansen



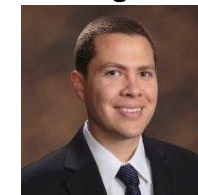
Shoudong Li



Jennifer Posey



James Lupski



David Murdock



Michael Wangler

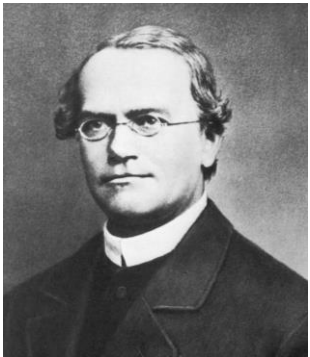
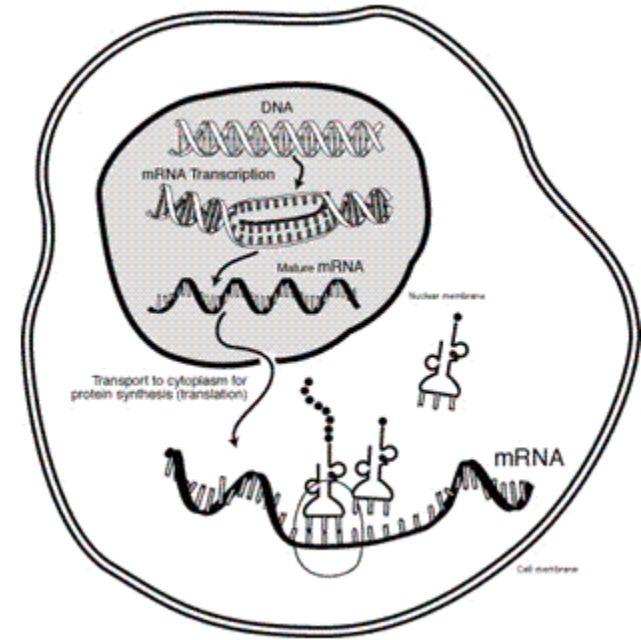
# Talk Outline

- 1: The approach to XGS Research,
- 2: The XGS Registry,
- 3: The Clinical Spectrum,
- 4: The Molecular Spectrum
- 5: Cellular Studies
- 6: Case reports, 'outliers' and mild cases,
- 7: Studies in other laboratories,
- 8: XGS Awareness in the Research community,
- 9: Pathway ahead.



# Approach to XGS Research,

- Long term goal is a cure for XGS (or full amelioration),
- Steps are describe, then understand - then cure,
- Today is about the first two elements,
- The power of genetics,



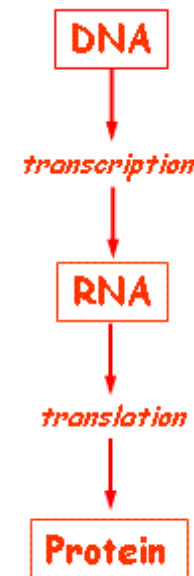
Round



Wrinkled

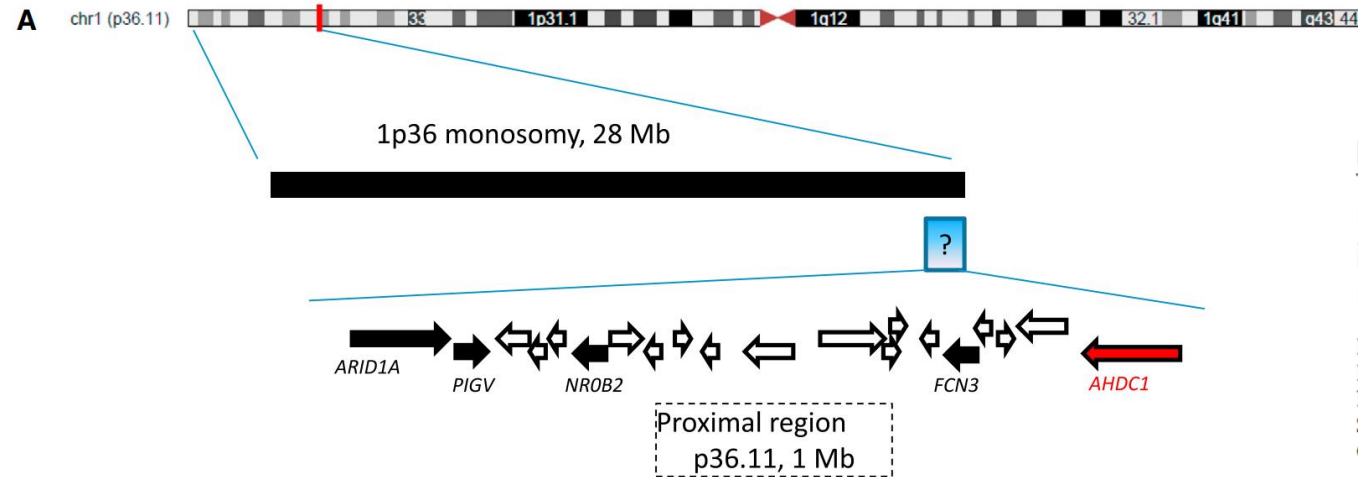


# FUNCTION



Gregor Mendel = 1860's – still relevant today

# XGS: 4 individuals with 'nonsense' mutations in AHDC1, (2013 - published 2014, confirmed 2015)



## What does AHDC1 do?

- Cellular distribution?
- Timing and place of expression?
- What kind of mutations disrupt the gene?

## REPORT

### De Novo Truncating Mutations in *AHDC1* in Individuals with Syndromic Expressive Language Delay, Hypotonia, and Sleep Apnea

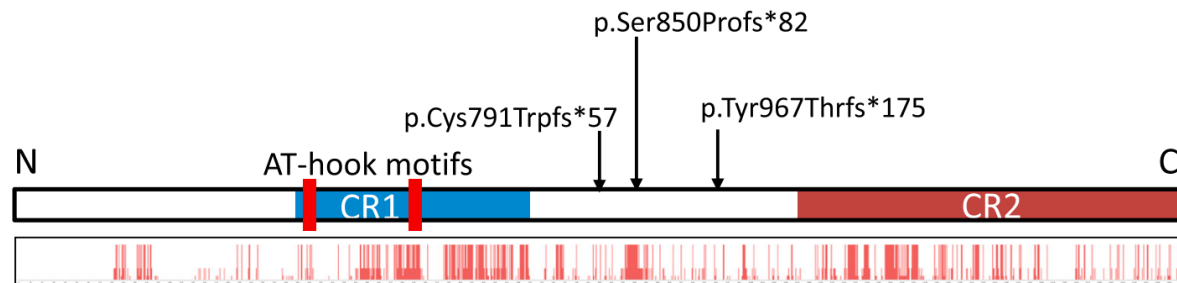
Fan Xia,<sup>1</sup> Matthew N. Bainbridge,<sup>2</sup> Tiong Yang Tan,<sup>3,4</sup> Michael F. Wangler,<sup>1,5</sup> Angela E. Scheuerle,<sup>6</sup> Elaine H. Zackai,<sup>7</sup> Margaret H. Harr,<sup>7</sup> V. Reid Sutton,<sup>1,5</sup> Roopa L. Nalam,<sup>2,8</sup> Wenmiao Zhu,<sup>1</sup> Margot Nash,<sup>3</sup> Monique M. Ryan,<sup>3</sup> Joy Yapliito-Lee,<sup>3</sup> Jill V. Hunter,<sup>5</sup> Matthew A. Deardorff,<sup>7</sup> Samantha J. Penney,<sup>1</sup> Arthur L. Beaudet,<sup>1</sup> Sharon E. Plon,<sup>1,5</sup> Eric A. Boerwinkle,<sup>2,9</sup> James R. Lupski,<sup>1,5</sup> Christine M. Eng,<sup>1</sup> Donna M. Muzny,<sup>2</sup> Yaping Yang,<sup>1</sup> and Richard A. Gibbs<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

Downloaded from [molecularcasestudies.cshlp.org](https://molecularcasestudies.cshlp.org) on June 4, 2022 - Published by Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press



RESEARCH REPORT

**C**



## De novo truncating variants in the *AHDC1* gene encoding the AT-hook DNA-binding motif-containing protein 1 are associated with intellectual disability and developmental delay

Hui Yang,<sup>1</sup> Ganka Douglas,<sup>1</sup> Kristin G. Monaghan,<sup>1</sup> Kyle Retterer,<sup>1</sup> Megan T. Cho,<sup>1</sup> Luis F. Escobar,<sup>2</sup> Megan E. Tucker,<sup>2</sup> Joan Stoler,<sup>3</sup> Lance H. Rodan,<sup>3</sup> Diane Stein,<sup>4</sup> Warren Marks,<sup>5</sup> Gregory M. Enns,<sup>6</sup> Julia Platt,<sup>6</sup> Rachel Cox,<sup>6</sup> Patricia G. Wheeler,<sup>7</sup> Carrie Crain,<sup>7</sup> Amy Calhoun,<sup>8</sup> Rebecca Tryon,<sup>8</sup> Gabriele Richard,<sup>1</sup> Patrik Vitazka,<sup>1</sup> and Wendy K. Chung<sup>9</sup>

# What we know about the protein from computers.

1: Strong conservation in vertebrates

2: Less across evolutionary tree,

```
AHDC1_Human 586 KRERRKQKIASPPSYAADANDSKAEDYSDVLAFLNLRQSQCAGRCSPPRCWMPSEPE 645
AHDC1_Mouse 583 KRERRKQKIASPPSYAADANDSKAEDYSDVLAFLNLRQSQCAGRCSPPRCWMPSEPE 642
AHDC1_Frog 584 KRERRKQKIASPPSYAADANDSKAEDYSDVLAFLNLRQSQTAGRNPPRCWMPSEPE 643
AHDC1_Danre 472 IRERRTVKIPSPSPSYVNDNDVKVEYADVLSKLAFLNLRQPPSTGRCSPPRCWMPTEPET 531
REV3L_Danre 1043 KAMLVPVQIAPMPSPSYNDFTDDCTCTEYCDVMMKGLYLSERAPSPSTDSTPPRCWMPTEHLH 1102
REV3L_Frog 1115 RKRIRSFPSISLPMPTNAETEDCDTLYKDVMSKLCPLVERCPSFINMSPPRCWMPTEPRA 1174
REV3L_Mouse 1076 RKRIRTHAVSPSPSYIAETEDCDLSYSDVMSKLCPLSERSTSPINSSPPRCWMPTEPRA 1135
REV3L_Human 1077 RKRIRSHAILSPSPSYNAETEDCDLNYSDVMSKLCPLSERSTSPINSSPPRCWMPTEPRA 1136
```

```
AHDC1_Human 1193 EGCSLSSPEHLMDWNASSAPCYNNQNSVLPQSSSKPCGRGRKKVDFLEAS.HLGFSTSSATAAGY...PSKRSTGPRGPRGCGGACSA.KKRGGAATAAKFIPKPOP
AHDC1_Mouse 1186 EGCSLSSPEHLMDWNASSAPCYNNQNSVLPQSSSKPCGRGRKKVDFLEAS.HLGFSTSSATAAGY...PSKRSTGPRGPRGCGGACSA.KKRGGAATAAKFIPKPOP
AHDC1_Danre 1029 EGCSLSSPEHLMDWNASSAPCYNNQNSVLPQSSSKPCGRGRKKSEAHNEKESCSLPSPGSPAPPMQAGPKRSTGPRGPRGCGGSPCDORPPPKTKSQKPSAPSG
REV3L_Danre 1417 PKNRKCVYKELQKRLKEQKANKSDGLT...EAVSTSTQNTDVAKRASKS.....RTLS..SPSRKPRGARTKVQT.RCKNKKQDDORN...DCLSS
REV3L_Mouse 1520 EGCSGLAVYKELQKRLQKQAQSTNVVQDSTS.THQPDNISVSEHKKANKRT.....RSVTSPRKPRGARTKVQT.RCKNKKQDDORN...DCLSS
REV3L_Human 1522 EGCSGLAVYKELQKRLQKQAQSTNVVQDSTS.THQPDNISVSEHKKANKRT.....RSVTSPRKPRGARTKVQT.RCKNKKQDDORN...DCLSS
```

```
AHDC1_Human 1302 VNPLFQDEP.DLGLDYSGDSS.NSLPSQBRAGVGERDPCDGMGYFNPSTPS.DGTFCQGHOC...SLSLGAPELDGKHFFPLAH..PPTVFDAQLQKAYEPTCEST 1405
AHDC1_Mouse 1295 VNPLFQDEP.DLGLDYSGDSS.NSLPSQBRAGVGERDPCDGMGYFNPSTPS.DGTFCQGHOC...SLSLGAPELDGKHFFPLAH..PPTVFDAQLQKAYEPTCEST 1398
AHDC1_Danre 1143 SGQMGSGGVYQALDYSGDSSLSLSLHAP.....ESCEPFPYVHTSTSSDERFAHYVPPDSAS.VSLSIQSDALKQFFKSGP..TAQTYG.HAARTFPENLST 1244
REV3L_Danre 1503 DGSPIFFSD..FQDSCSCEVDSLSLSELPDNYRQDINVIGTQESLISYSGNPFVLT.DKILEQGLSDVSG...EAAANALVGLGNRTQKMFVDVDDHNDNRNKGALSG 1608
REV3L_Mouse 1615 DGSPIFFSD..FQDSCSCEVDSLSLSEH..NYNQDINTIGTQGCFFYSGSQFVPA.DQNLQGLSDAVDLPFGQAIDKSELLSHDRQSCSEKHHVSDSSPWIRASTLSE 1723
REV3L_Human 1618 DGSPIFFSD..FQDSCSCEVDSLSLSEH..NYNQDINTIGTQGCFFYSGSQFVPA.DQNLQGLSDAVDLPFGQAIEKNEFLSHDNQKCEDKHHTDSASWIRAGTLESE 1726
```

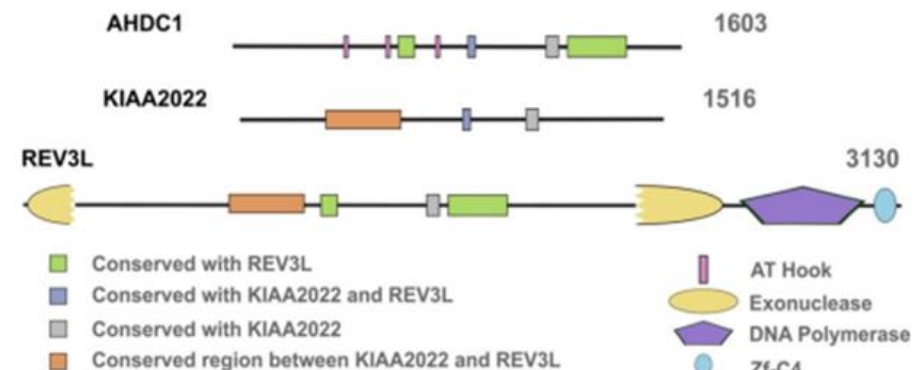
```
AHDC1_Human 835 LFTGYFRSLDSDSDLLDFALSAS 860
AHDC1_Mouse 831 LFTGYFRSLDSDSDLLDFALSAS 856
AHDC1_Frog 825 LFTGYFRSLDSDSDLLDFAMAAS 850
AHDC1_Danre 705 LFTGYFRSLDSDSDLLDLSMSSP 730
KI_Danre 642 LFGGYLQALLDASDSSSGSTGIPFPFQ 667
KI_Frog 765 LFGGYLQALLDASDSSSGSTGITYFSP 790
KI_Mouse 808 LFGGYLQALLDASDSSSGSTGITYFTN 833
KI_Human 810 LFGGYLQALLDASDSSSGSTGITYFSH 835
```

```
AHDC1_Human 1116 ELDWASAEFSQLYNPSFCHV.....SEPNVLDNSNVPKVKQOT.AVSE 1161
AHDC1_Mouse 1109 ELDWASAEFSQLYNPSFCHG.....SEPNVLDNSNVPKVKQOT.AVSE 1154
AHDC1_Frog 1083 QTWGPDSPGQLYGAGFCHM.....TEPNVLDNSNVPKVKQONTDNISE 1129
AHDC1_Danre 945 ENNWGGDAYGSHQFHGYSEY...VAGTGSSEKDLSDNSNVPKVKQRP..CID 994
KI_Mouse 1017 CDDEINDDLAHCSEKLVIQSSIDEIA.PLKESTDLSDNSNVPKVKPHSS..LLE 1069
KI_Human 1018 CDDEINDDLAHCSEKLVIQSSIDEIA.PLKESTDLSDNSNVPKVKPHSS..LLE 1070
REV3L_Mouse 1444 GNAASEESQTPN.CPVTSLKSPIQIAWEQKRGFILD.SNKKRGRVMPRE..LSE 1496
REV3L_Human 1445 GNTASEESQMPNCFVTSLSRSPKQIAWEQKRGFILD.SNKKRGRVMPRE..LSE 1498
```

```
KI_Human 310 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTT.CPKRESKSGALKQSSDFSOFPVDPVSIWGEEDKNLDKKGKEEGQEDKGVEKKDGKDNGE
KI_Mouse 310 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTT.CPKRESKSGILKQSSDLQFQVDPVSIWGEEDKNLDKKGKEEVHEDKSIETDEKDNGE
KI_Frog 308 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTN.CPKRESKSRKK.ALDPSPNFKLEE.GGIW.....V
KI_Danre 185 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTN.CPKRES..GVVKRVVDEAPPSSEHLQFOND.....LT
REV3L_Danre 736 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTN.CPKRES..GVVKRVVDEAPPSSEHLQFOND.....LT
REV3L_Mouse 771 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTN.CPKRES..GVVKRVVDEAPPSSEHLQFOND.....LT
REV3L_Human 772 LKIRYESPOVNRKKTLLMQDAQNFPPSVFTN.CPKRES..GVVKRVVDEAPPSSEHLQFOND.....LT
```

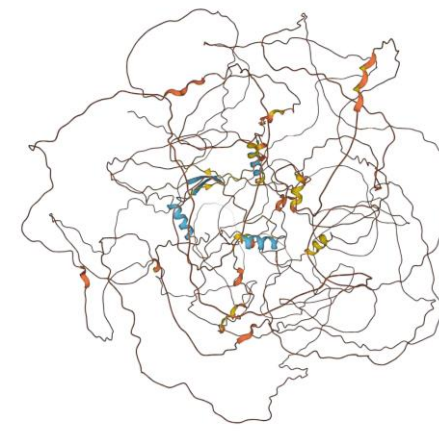
```
KI_Human 406 RPAINN.KPGSGTEVEQLKNPFGHLAN...SLETSGSFDSDSSFIEISYDAMGEIKDCSRYMARDTNSGSSSSQONYGLAA.RRKVRYSDDYLYDVD
KI_Mouse 406 RPAINN.KPGSGTEVEQLKNPFGHLAN...SLETSGSFDSDSSFIEISYDAMGEIKDCSRYMARDTNSGSSSSQONYGLAA.RRKVRYSDDYLYDVD
KI_Frog 370 KSNLN.KSGGMDVYQYISTKRNHFLDSVNSADSGEYSDSSSCSSSDVLDGDKDCSRYSLSREHSH..SLIQPNYGLAA.RRKVRYSDDYLYDMD
KI_Danre 248 KGDVN..EGSAEQMPSP.SPKONYFIDSSNSADDSGEYSDSSSTICSFTDQDNRPKN.LFTRKNAS..CSNHLNGLAA.RRKVRYSDDYLYDVE
REV3L_Danre 805 KKKPTLDQKRELPLKTHSPKPEPPALLSITPGSHNQNEVSKEDVDMETSGSLIESGKGDEADIPTN...ISCTKVASLPSSGYTLTKRKRRIYKKG
REV3L_Mouse 833 KKKILGLQETSTKSTETGATDSCSTHNDLYTGASEKENGLSDSAKATGTFENKPPTEHIDCHFGDGLSEABOSEGLYGNRYTLAKRKRVIYETE
REV3L_Human 834 KKKLAGHQETSTKSTETGATDSCSTHNDLYTGASEKENGLSDSAKATGTFENKPPTEHIDCHFGDGLSEABOSEGLYGNRYTLAKRKRVIYETE
```

```
KI_Human 498 SLEGEKVNRRKEWLFV...GSKEDDDDEWCHPKRRKVTFRKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 590
KI_Mouse 498 SLEGEKVNRRKEWLPFG...GSKEDDDDEWCHPKRRKVTFRKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 591
KI_Frog 463 SLENEKVVKKHEAFD...GPKEDDDDCPKRRKVTFRKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 555
KI_Danre 338 STDGERNVKKRKPPI...GPKQEDDLWCPRKRRKVTFRKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 430
REV3L_Danre 899 DHFRSGSSKQASVHHDDPKGS...DHVFSQKKRVTFRKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 989
REV3L_Mouse 930 DSSESPVTNNSKISLPHPEMIGENLDGTLKSRKRRKMSKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 1025
REV3L_Human 931 DSSESPVTNNSKISLPHPEMIGENLDGTLKSRKRRKMSKPPVVIKIYIINRF.GEKNMVKLRVDASETTNSENOLSKYAKLPLKCFWOK 1026
```



## 2: Some key motifs:

- 'AT-hooks' short motifs that bind AT rich DNA/RNA;
- REV3L/exonuclease/DNA polymerase homologies;
- KIAA2022 is a neurological disease gene;
- Zf-C4 region is usually a nuclear receptor binding function;
- In aggregate, these imply a role in DNA replication and/or chromatin state maintenance;



## 3: 3D structure (inferred) not new insights



# The XGS Registry,

First step to understanding XGS basics and to accessing individuals and families,

Began in 2014 using RedCap for secure data management,

Developed a full consent model,

Somewhat – ‘clunky’ – functional improvements in 2021,

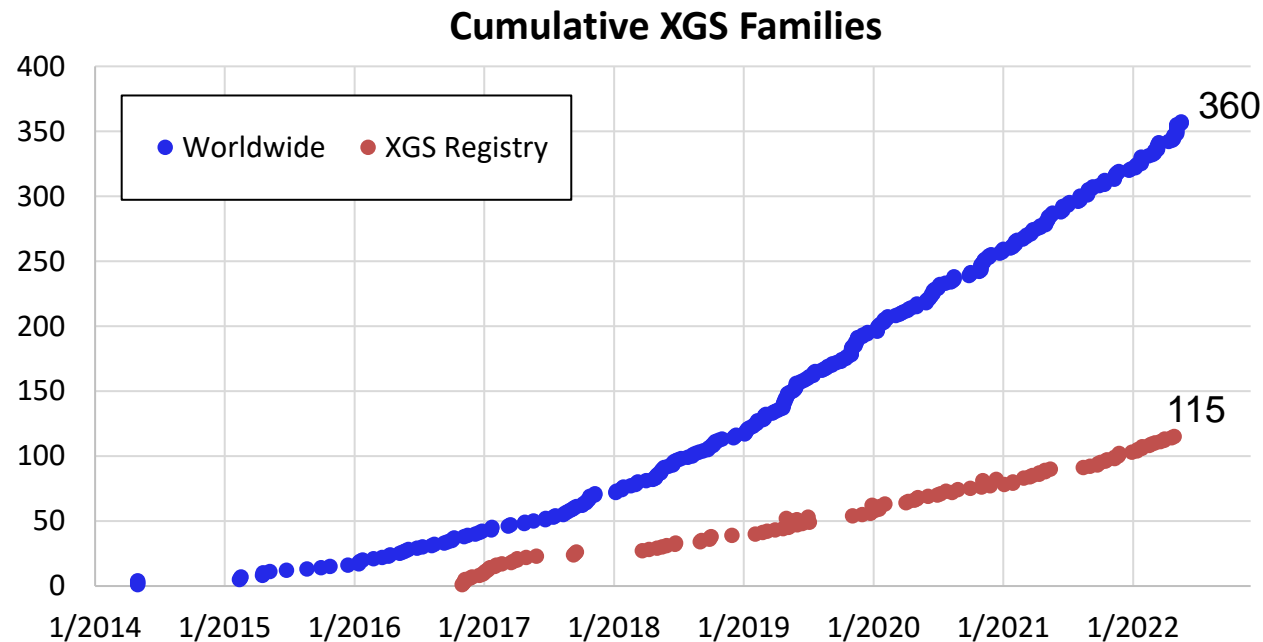
Long term goal – to be a centralized resource for XGS information and to facilitate XGS research,



Jianhong Hu

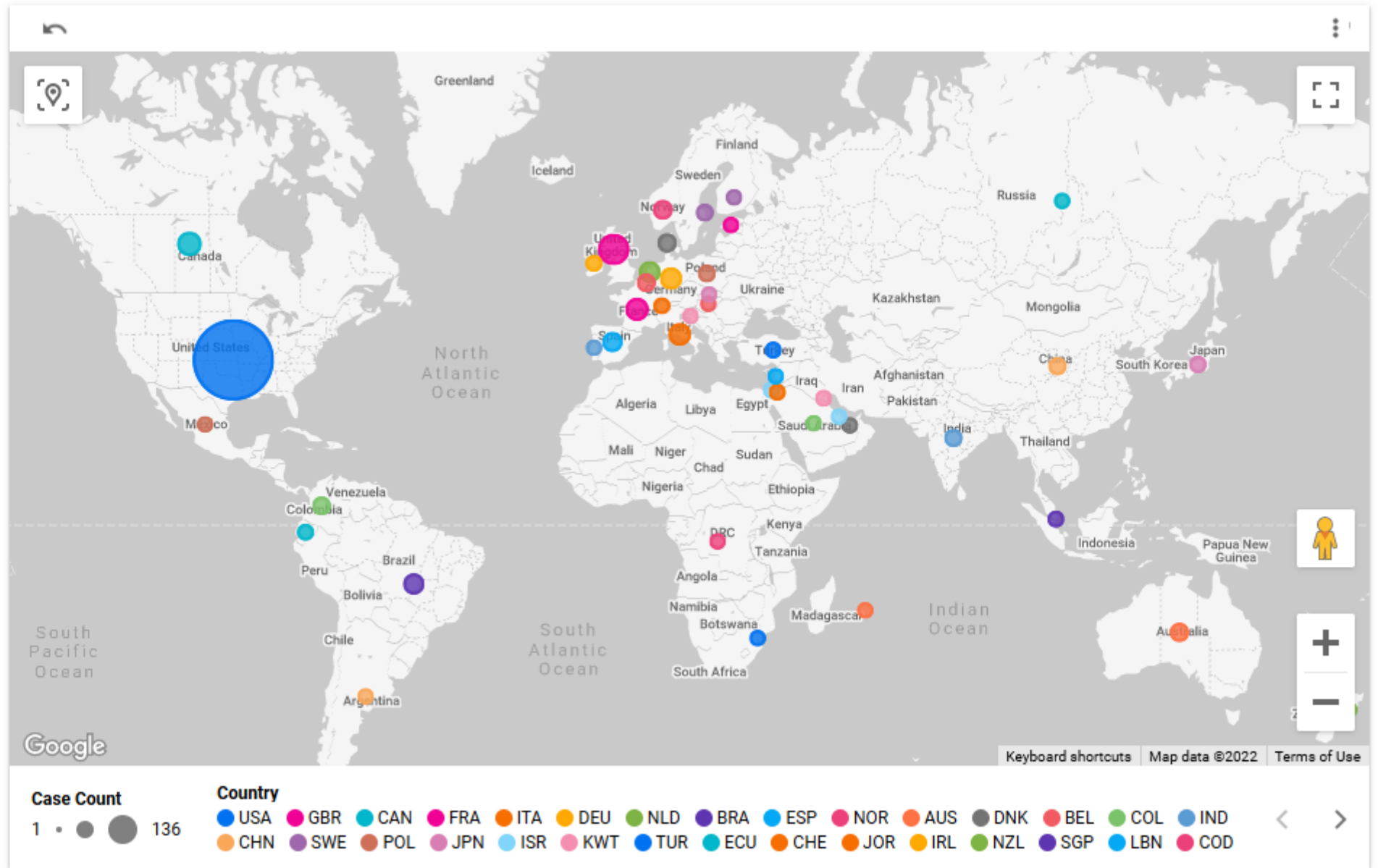


Mullai Murugan



# XGS Worldwide Location

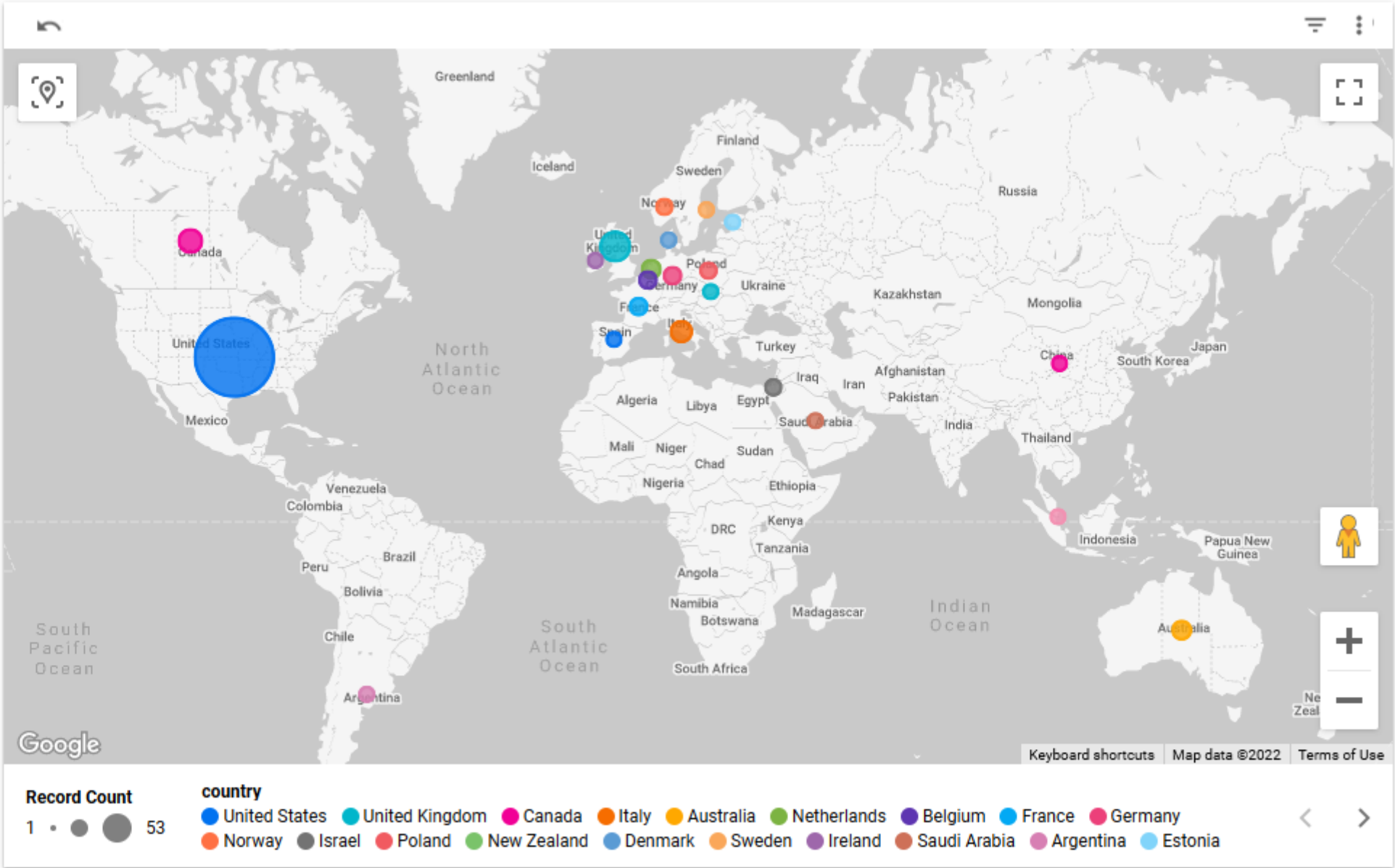
	Country	Case Count...
1.	USA	136
2.	GBR	32
3.	CAN	18
4.	FRA	15
5.	ITA	14
6.	DEU	13
7.	NLD	12
8.	BRA	11
9.	ESP	9
10.	NOR	8
11.	AUS	7
12.	DNK	7
13.	BEL	6
14.	COL	6
15.	IND	5
16.	CHN	5
17.	SWE	4
18.	POL	4
19.	JPN	3
20.	ISR	3
21.	KWT	2





	country	Record ...
1.	United States	53
2.	United Kingd...	13
3.	Canada	8
4.	Italy	6
5.	Australia	4
6.	Netherlands	4
7.	Belgium	3
8.	France	3
9.	Germany	3
10	Norway	2
11	Israel	2
12	Poland	2
13	New Zealand	2
14	Denmark	1
15	Sweden	1
16	Ireland	1
17	Saudi Arabia	1
18	Argentina	1
19	Estonia	1
20	Singapore	1
21	Spain	1
22	Slovakia	1
23	China	1

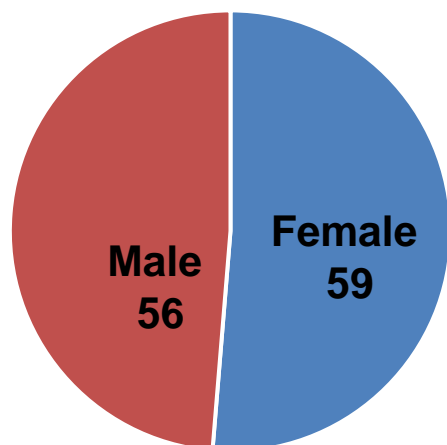
## XGS Registry Location



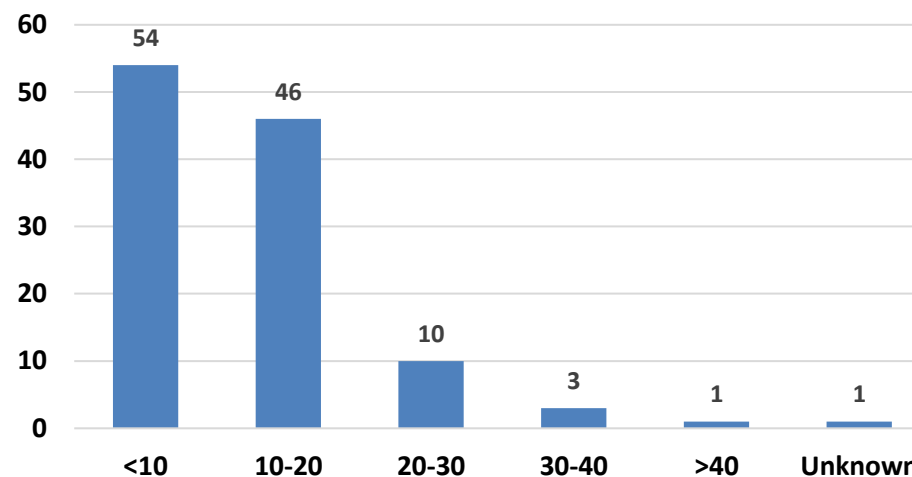
# The XGS Registry Dashboard:

Mining and reporting data is currently manual and somewhat limited:

Sex Distribution



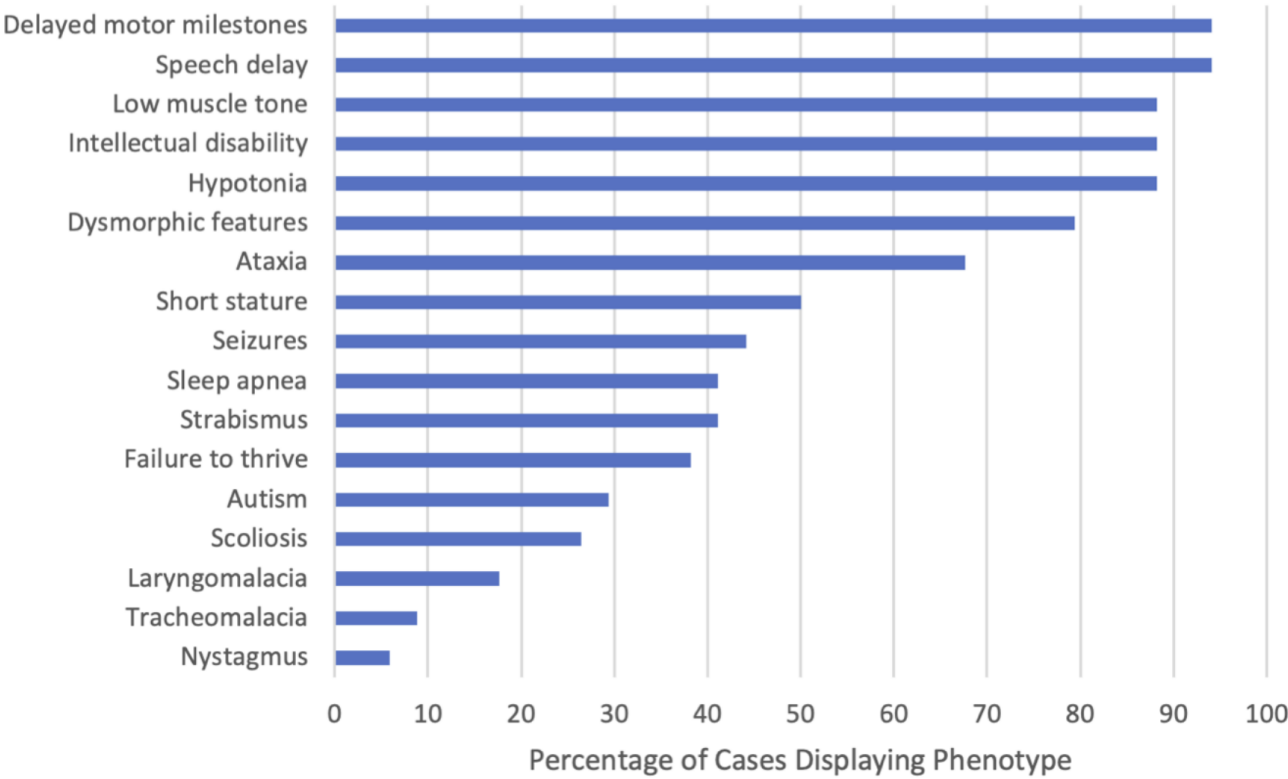
XGS Patient Age Distribution



Adam Hansen

- Contracted to build 'back end' for BCM by end of summer, 2022,
- Planning for patient-facing build – end of 2022?
- Then transfer to XGS Society,

# Using the Registry: Defining the XGS Clinical Spectrum



Core versus additional clinical features,

Received: 30 November 2017 | Revised: 11 March 2018 | Accepted: 12 March 2018  
DOI: 10.1002/ajmg.a.38699

## ORIGINAL ARTICLE

WILEY AMERICAN JOURNAL OF medical genetics A

### The phenotypic spectrum of Xia-Gibbs syndrome

Yunyun Jiang<sup>1,2</sup> | Michael F. Wangler<sup>2,3</sup> | Amy L. McGuire<sup>4</sup> |  
James R. Lupski<sup>1,2,3,5</sup> | Jennifer E. Posey<sup>2</sup> | Michael M. Khayat<sup>1,2</sup> |  
David R. Murdock<sup>1,2</sup> | Luis Sanchez-Pulido<sup>6</sup> | Chris P. Ponting<sup>6</sup> | Fan Xia<sup>2</sup> |  
Jill V. Hunter<sup>3</sup> | Qingchang Meng<sup>1,2</sup> | Mullai Murugan<sup>1,2</sup> | Richard A. Gibbs<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>James G. Thompson Center for Pediatric and Fetal Medicine, Hunter, Texas

CSH COLD SPRING HARBOR  
Molecular Case Studies

RESEARCH REPORT

### Xia-Gibbs syndrome in adulthood: a case report with insight into the natural history of the condition

David R. Murdock,<sup>1,2</sup> Yunyun Jiang,<sup>1,2</sup> Michael Wangler,<sup>2,3</sup> Michael M. Khayat,<sup>1,2</sup>  
Aniko Sabo,<sup>1,2</sup> Jane Juusola,<sup>4</sup> Kirsty McWalter,<sup>4</sup> Krista Sondergaard Schatz,<sup>5</sup>  
Meral Gunay-Aygün,<sup>5</sup> and Richard A. Gibbs<sup>1,2</sup>

Received: 7 September 2020 | Revised: 1 February 2021 | Accepted: 14 February 2021  
DOI: 10.1002/humu.24190

## RESEARCH ARTICLE

Human Mutation HGVs WILEY  
HUMAN GENETIC VARIATION SOCIETY

### Phenotypic and protein localization heterogeneity associated with *AHDC1* pathogenic protein-truncating alleles in Xia-Gibbs syndrome

Michael M. Khayat<sup>1,2</sup> | He Li<sup>1</sup> | Varuna Chander<sup>1,2</sup> | Jianhong Hu<sup>1</sup> |  
Adam W. Hansen<sup>1,2</sup> | Shoudong Li<sup>1</sup> | Josh Traynelis<sup>1</sup> | Hua Shen<sup>1</sup> |  
George Weissenberger<sup>1</sup> | Fabio Stossi<sup>3,4</sup> | Hannah L. Johnson<sup>3</sup> |  
James R. Lupski<sup>1,2,5,6</sup> | Jennifer E. Posey<sup>2</sup> | Aniko Sabo<sup>1</sup> |  
Qingchang Meng<sup>1</sup> | David R. Murdock<sup>1,2</sup> | Michael Wangler<sup>2,5</sup> | Richard A. Gibbs<sup>1,2</sup>



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Variable Clinical Manifestations of Xia-Gibbs syndrome:  
Findings of Consecutively Identified Cases at a Single  
Children's Hospital

Alyssa L. Ritter<sup>1</sup> | Carey McDougall<sup>1</sup> | Cara Skraban<sup>1,2</sup> | Livija Medne<sup>1</sup> |  
Emma C. Bedoukian<sup>1</sup> | Stephanie B. Asher<sup>1</sup> | Jorune Balciuniene<sup>3</sup> |  
Colleen D. Campbell<sup>3</sup> | Samuel W. Baker<sup>3</sup> | Elizabeth H. Denenberg<sup>3</sup> | Sarah Mazzola<sup>1</sup> |  
Sarah K. Fiordaliso<sup>1</sup> | Ian D. Krantz<sup>1,2</sup> | Paige Kaplan<sup>1,2</sup> | Lynne Ierardi-Curto<sup>1,2</sup> |  
Avni B. Santani<sup>3,4</sup> | Elaine H. Zackai<sup>1,2</sup> | Kosuke Izumi<sup>1,2,3</sup>

European Journal of Medical Genetics 63 (2020) 103637



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

European Journal of Medical Genetics

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/ejmg](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/ejmg)



Extending the phenotype of Xia-Gibbs syndrome in a two-year-old patient  
with craniosynostosis with a novel de novo *AHDC1* missense mutation

Evren Gumus

Department of Medical Genetics, Faculty of Medicine, University of Harran, Sanliurfa, 63000, Turkey



Carter Ellis BS<sup>1</sup>

Gurpur Shashidhar Pai MD<sup>2</sup>

Lara Wine Lee MD, PhD<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>College of Medicine, Medical University of South Carolina,  
Charleston, SC, USA

<sup>2</sup>Department of Genetics, Medical University of South Carolina,  
Charleston, SC, USA

<sup>3</sup>Department of Dermatology and Dermatologic Surgery and  
Department of Pediatrics, Medical University of South Carolina,  
Charleston, SC, USA

## Additional Clinical Features from the Literature:

- Skin conditions (loose, atypical aplasia cutis),
  - Lipoma
  - Craniosynostosis,
  - Bicuspid aortic valve
- 
- **ALL LOW FREQUENCY, NOT VERIFIED  
AS PART OF XGS**

Received: 29 September 2020 | Revised: 17 December 2020 | Accepted: 26 December 2020

DOI: 10.1111/pde.14515

BRIEF REPORT

Pediatric  
Dermatology WILEY

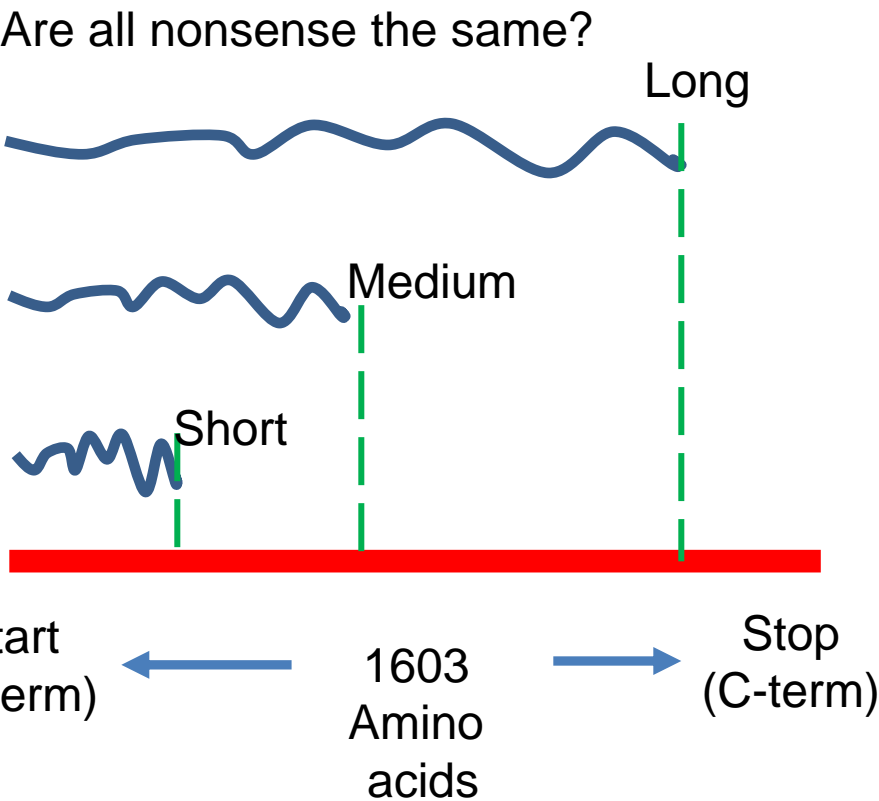
## Atypical aplasia cutis in association with Xia Gibbs syndrome

Abstract

tube dysfunction requiring bilateral myringotomy and tube place-

# Using the Registry: Defining the XGS Molecular Spectrum – nonsense mutations

First observations were  
'nonsense' mutations:



Not the same!

'Short': ↑ seizure, scoliosis



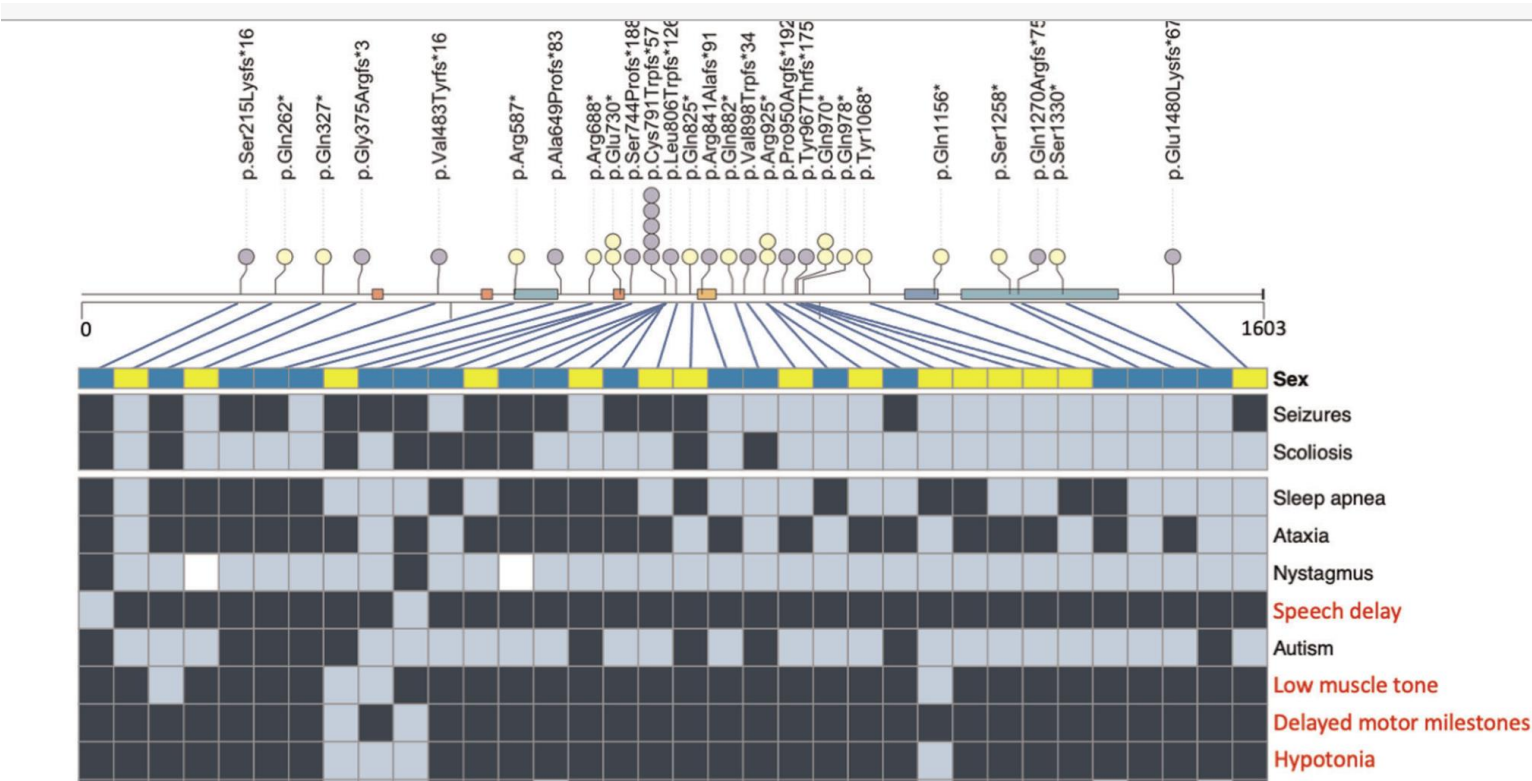
Michael Khayat



Jianhong Hu



He Li



# Using the Registry: Defining the XGS Molecular Spectrum – missense mutations

- First tentative diagnosis in 2018 by Dr. Gail Herman,
- Skeptical – no orthogonal data to verify,
- Gumus reported one individual in 2020,
- Important question as it informed the question of disease mechanism,



Extending the phenotype of Xia-Gibbs syndrome in a two-year-old patient with craniosynostosis with a novel *de novo* *AHDC1* missense mutation

Evren Gumus

Department of Medical Genetics, Faculty of Medicine, University of Harran, Sanliurfa, 63000, Turkey

- By 2021 there were 10 missense individuals reported
- (almost) all were *de novo* events,

HGG  
Advances

ARTICLE

## *AHDC1* missense mutations in Xia-Gibbs syndrome

Michael M. Khayat,<sup>1,2,14</sup> Jianhong Hu,<sup>1,14</sup> Yunyun Jiang,<sup>1,14</sup> He Li,<sup>1</sup> Varuna Chander,<sup>1,2</sup> Moez Dawood,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Adam W. Hansen,<sup>1,2</sup> Shoudong Li,<sup>1</sup> Jennifer Friedman,<sup>4</sup> Laura Cross,<sup>5</sup> Emilia K. Bijlsma,<sup>6</sup> Claudia A.L. Ruivenkamp,<sup>6</sup> Francis H. Sansbury,<sup>7</sup> Jeffrey W. Innis,<sup>8</sup> Jessica Omark O'Shea,<sup>9</sup> Qingchang Meng,<sup>1</sup> Jill A. Rosenfeld,<sup>2</sup> Kirsty McWalter,<sup>10</sup> Michael F. Wangler,<sup>2,11</sup> James R. Lupski,<sup>1,2,12,13</sup> Jennifer E. Posey,<sup>2</sup> David Murdock,<sup>1,2</sup> and Richard A. Gibbs<sup>1,2,\*</sup>



Michael  
Khayat



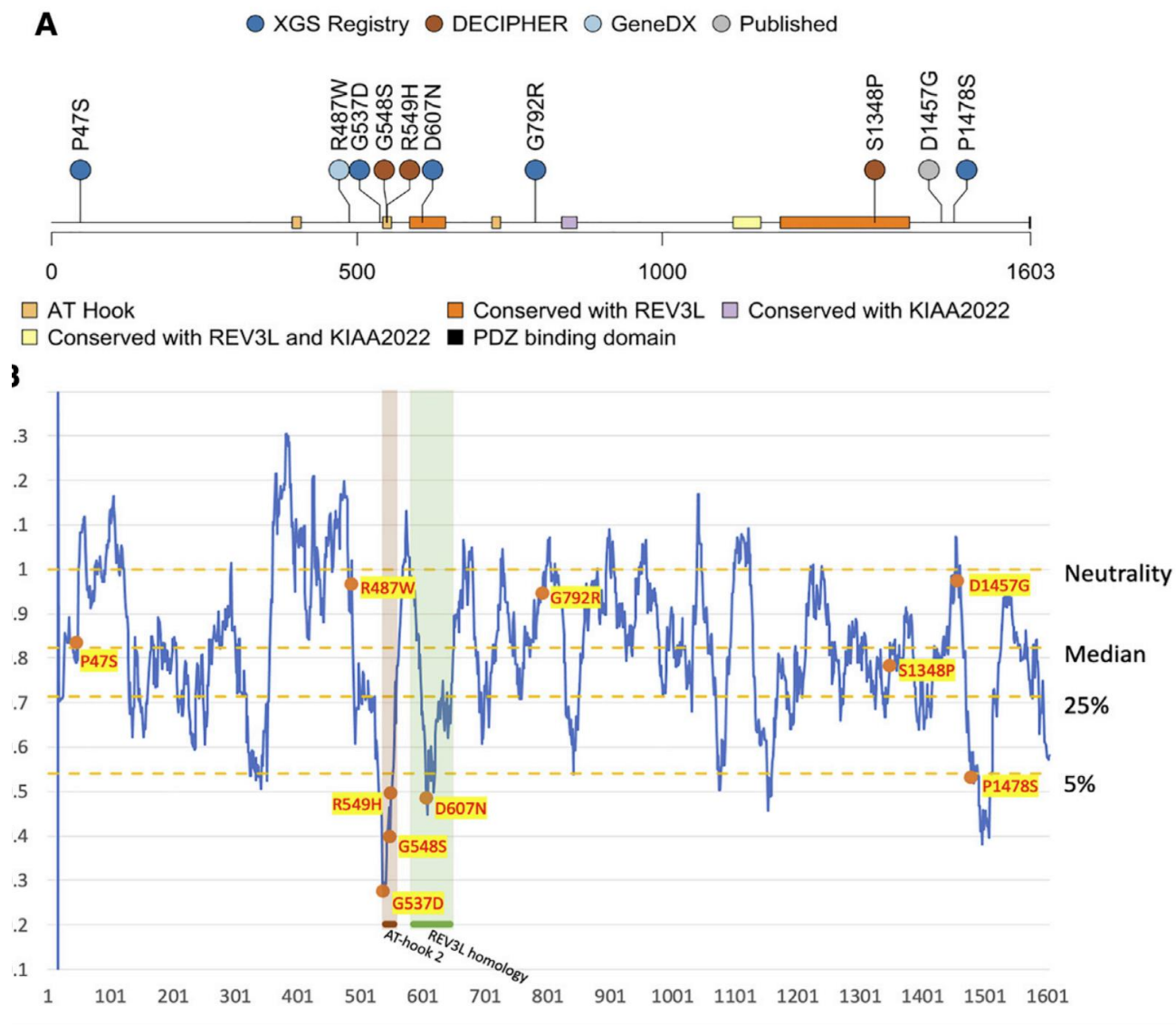
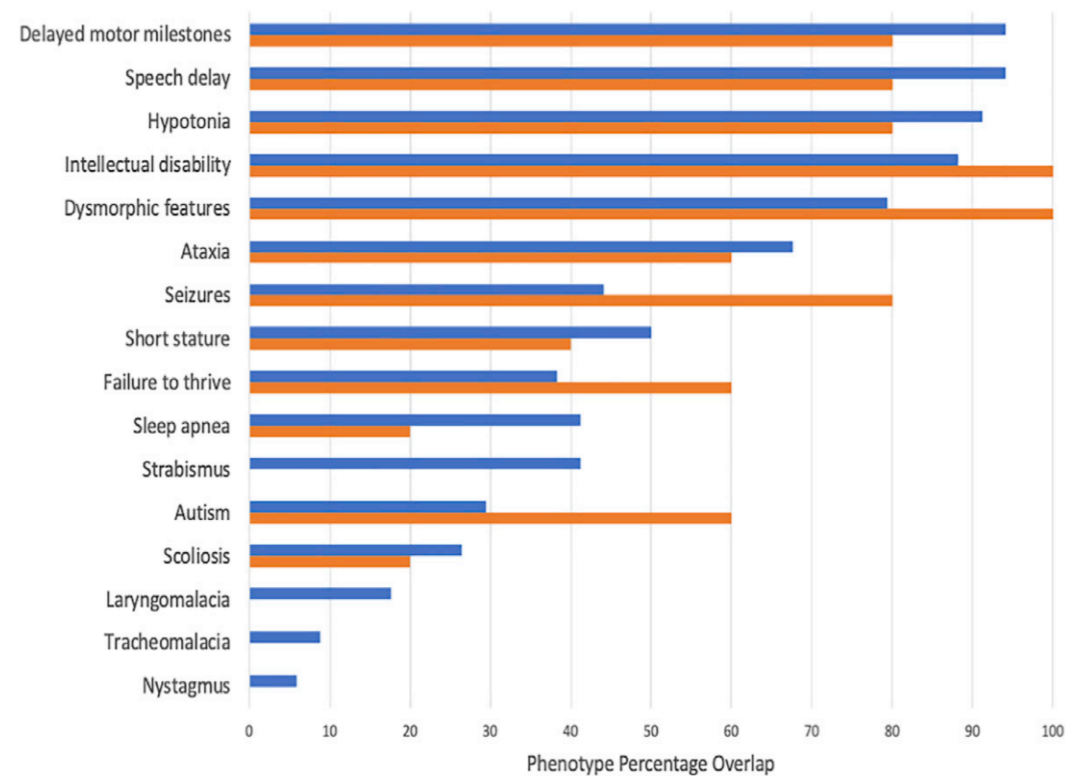
Jianhong Hu



# Using the Registry: Defining the XGS Molecular Spectrum – missense mutations

## Conclusion:

- SOME missense cause XGS
- Clusters = functionally important parts of the protein,
- Increase risk of seizure?

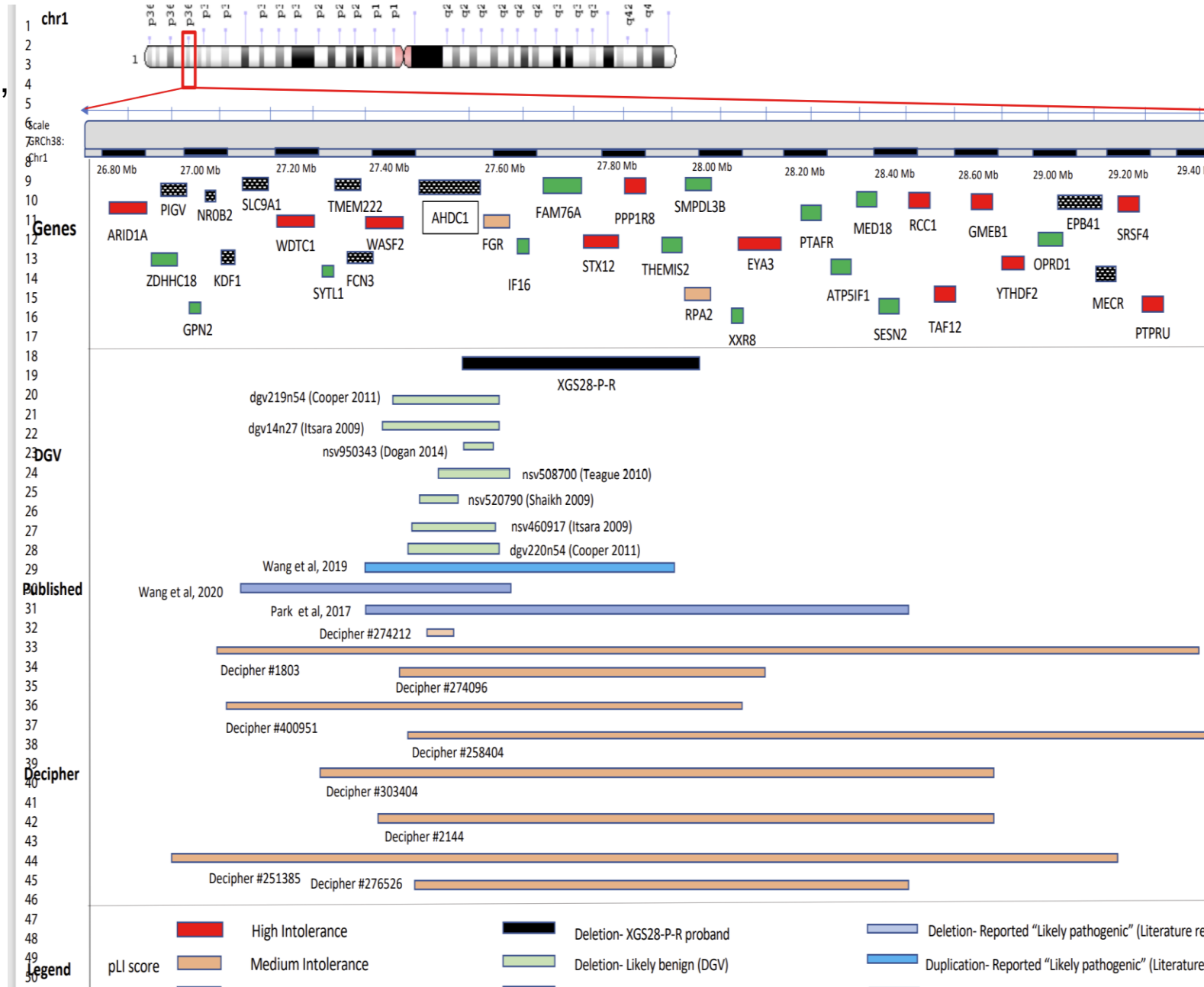


# Using the Registry: Defining the XGS Molecular Spectrum – contiguous deletions

- Diagnostic labs have started reporting large deletions as having XGS,
- Usually several genes involved,
- Important question for the loss vs gain of function question,
- Identified a key individual with smallest known contiguous deletion.



Varuna  
Chander



# Using the Registry: Defining the XGS Molecular Spectrum – contiguous deletions

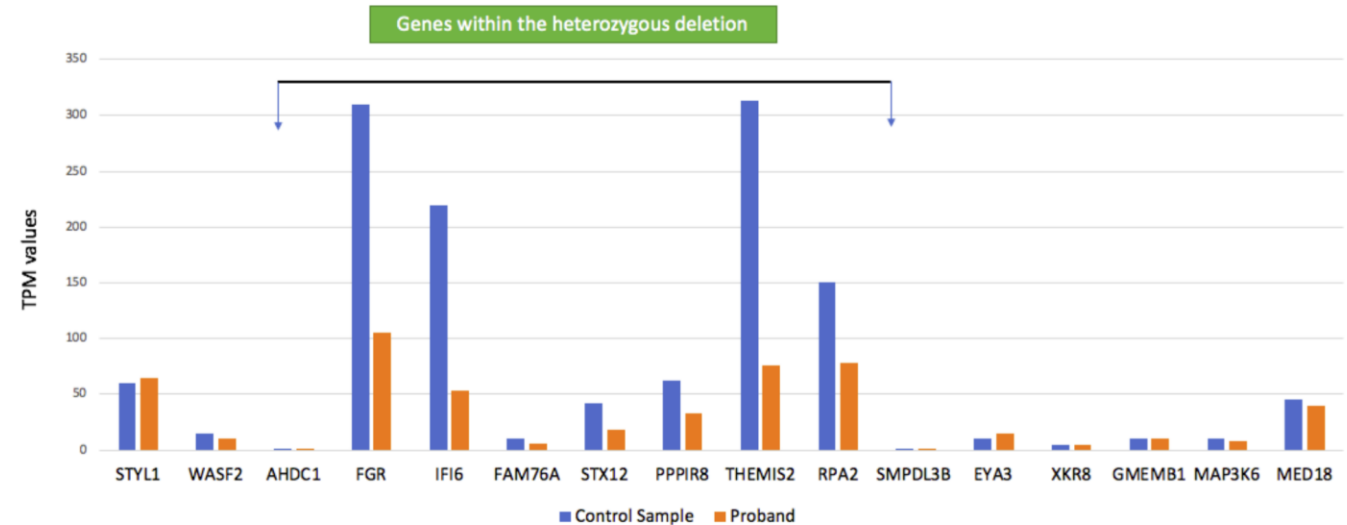
Unexpected finding:

- Even with 1 copy of AHDC1 there are 'normal' expression levels!
- Confirmed using very sensitive methods,
- Shows some unusual regulatory mechanism,
- Possible RNA regulatory circuit?



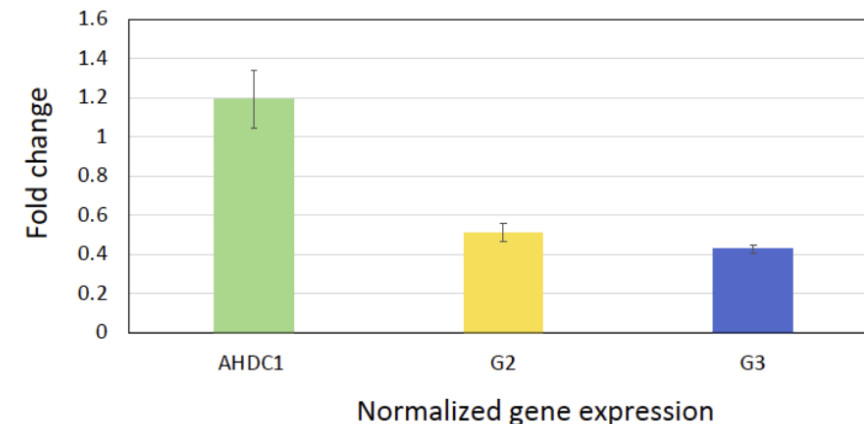
Varuna  
Chander

*Submitted for publication*



C

## Quantification of AHDC1 Gene Expression using ddPCR



G2, G3 = Positive controls for which qPCR and RNAseq report 50% decrease in expression.

& Sons, Inc.



# Using the Registry: Summary of Mutation Data

- Position of 'nonsense' mutation matters - gives some difference in clinical features,
- Missense (single letter change) mutations can cause XGS,
- Reports of contiguous deletions causing XGS **BUT**
- Varuna's studies show that contiguous deletion conclusions might be erroneous

⇒ Supports 'gain of function' mechanism,

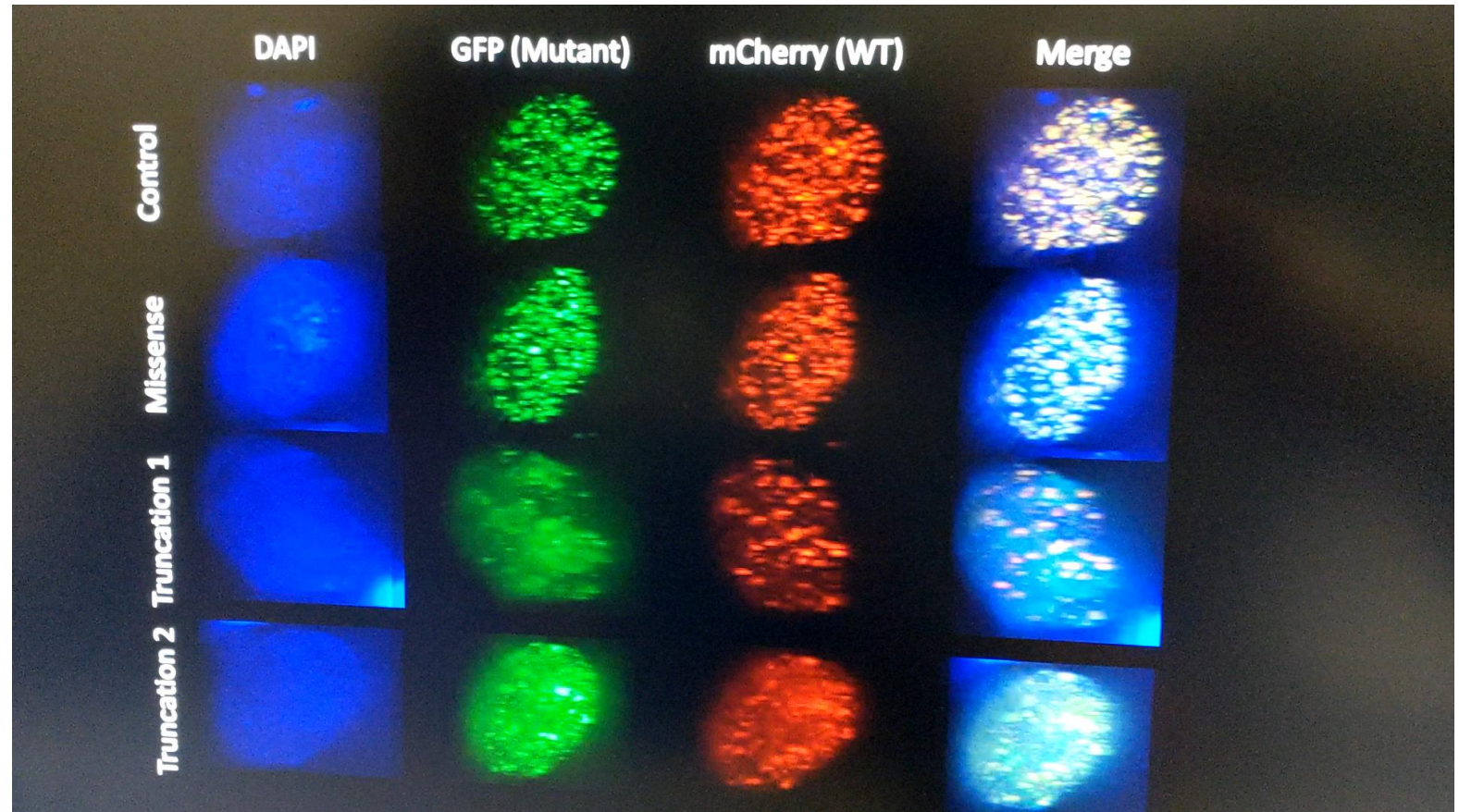
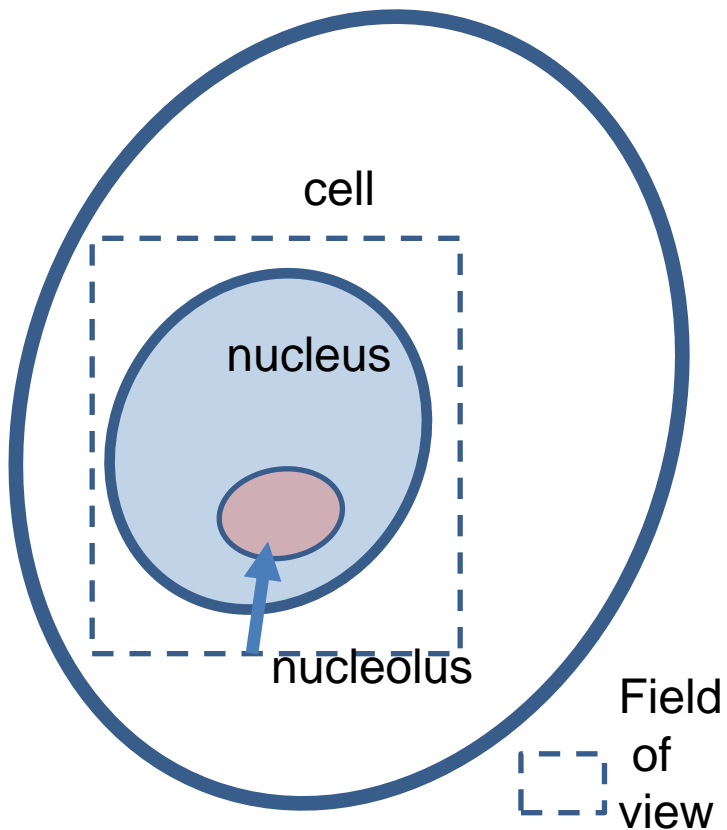
⇒ Good news for directing therapeutics.

# AHDC1 Laboratory Studies:

- 1: Making the protein in the laboratory unsuccessful, (bacteria, insect cells)
- 2: Inducible mammalian cell models – underway,
- 3: Successful transient mammalian cell models,



Michael  
Khayat



# AHDC1 Laboratory Studies:

- Different length truncations,
- Mixtures of mutated and 'normal' genes
- Revealed different effects of different length proteins
- Short = minimal effect
- Medium = maximum effect
- Long = middle effect.







Received: 7 September 2020 | Revised: 1 February 2021 | Accepted: 14 February 2021

DOI: 10.1002/humu.24190

RESEARCH ARTICLE

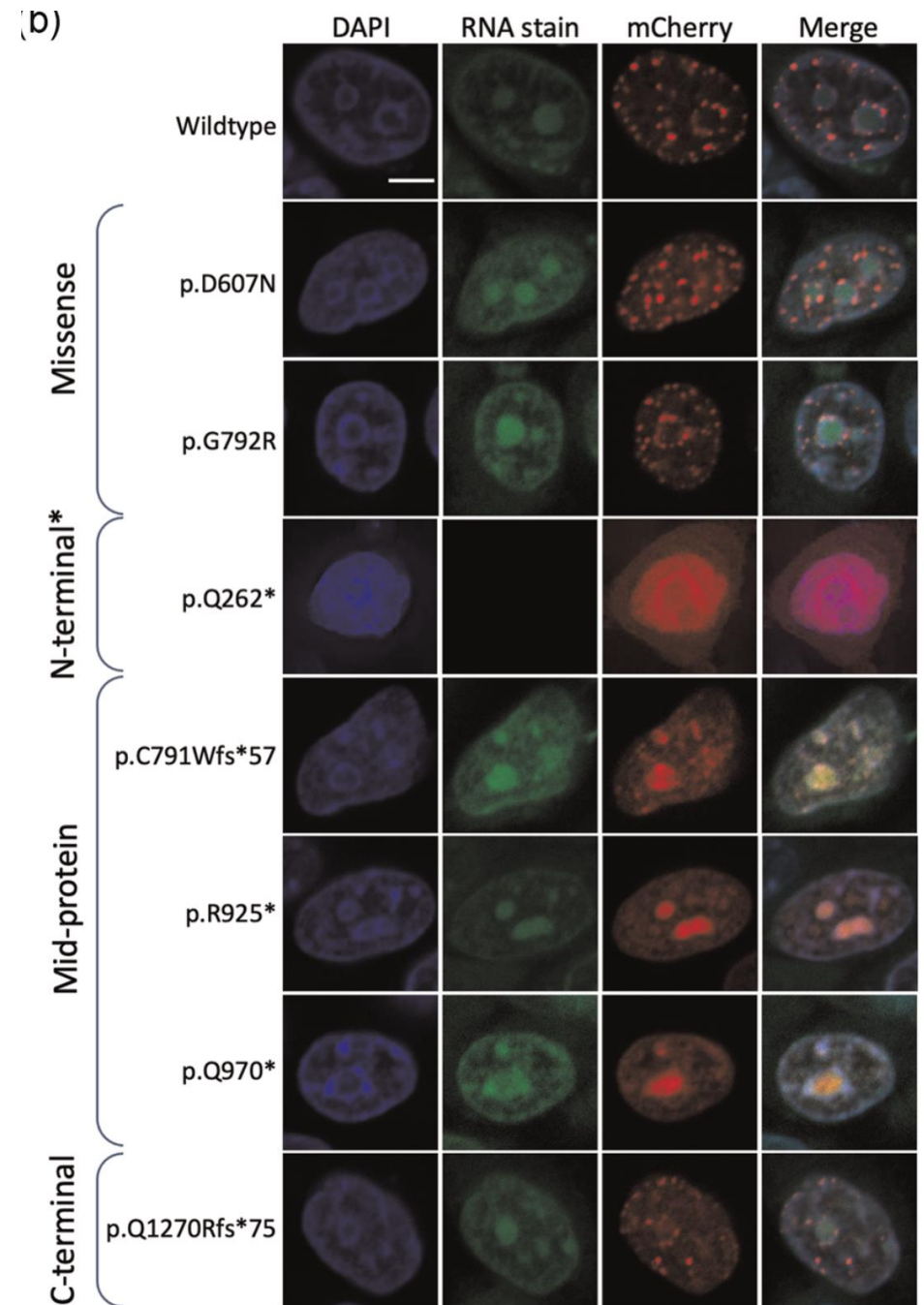
Human Mutation  WILEY  
HUMAN GENOME  
VARIATION SOCIETY

## Phenotypic and protein localization heterogeneity associated with *AHDC1* pathogenic protein-truncating alleles in Xia-Gibbs syndrome

Michael M. Khayat<sup>1,2</sup>  | He Li<sup>1</sup>  | Varuna Chander<sup>1,2</sup> | Jianhong Hu<sup>1</sup> |  
Adam W. Hansen<sup>1,2</sup>  | Shoudong Li<sup>1</sup> | Josh Traynelis<sup>1</sup> | Hua Shen<sup>1</sup> |  
George Weissenberger<sup>1</sup> | Fabio Stossi<sup>3,4</sup> | Hannah L. Johnson<sup>3</sup> |  
James R. Lupski<sup>1,2,5,6</sup>  | Jennifer E. Posey<sup>2</sup>  | Aniko Sabo<sup>1</sup>  |  
Qingchang Meng<sup>1</sup> | David R. Murdock<sup>1,2</sup> | Michael Wangler<sup>2,5</sup> | Richard A. Gibbs<sup>1,2</sup>



Michael  
Khayat





## Summary So Far:

Mutation patterns suggest a 'gain of function' model,

AHDC1 mutations lead to altered distribution of the protein in the cell nucleus, but do perturb the distribution of the normal forms,

The length of the mutated protein matters – and reveals that some forms accrue around the nucleolus, the site of assembly of ribosomes in the cell,

Interestingly the 'short forms' gave a distinctive pattern not involving the nucleolus.....

# Some 'Mild XGS' Individuals:

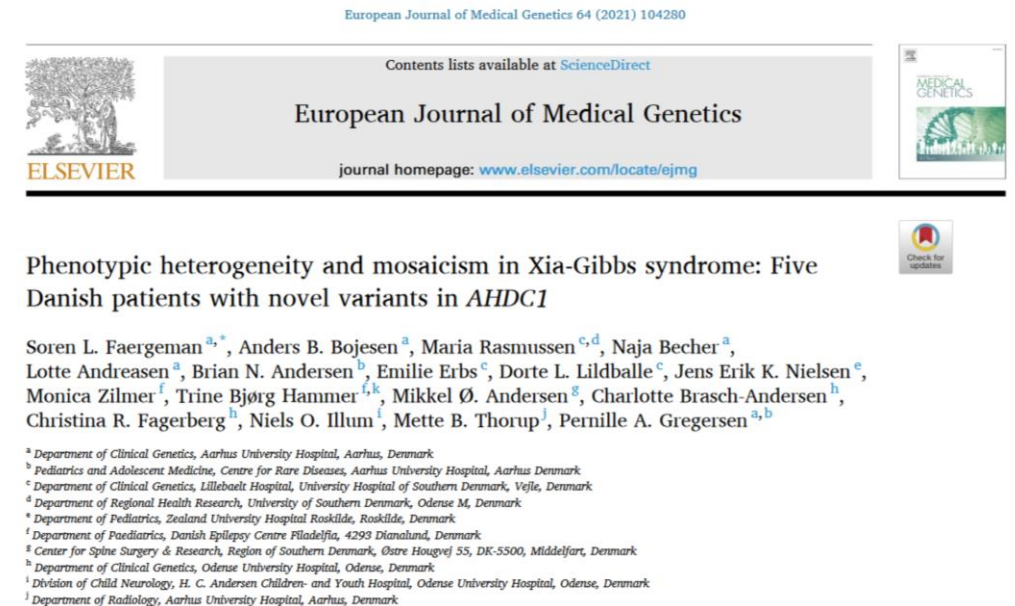
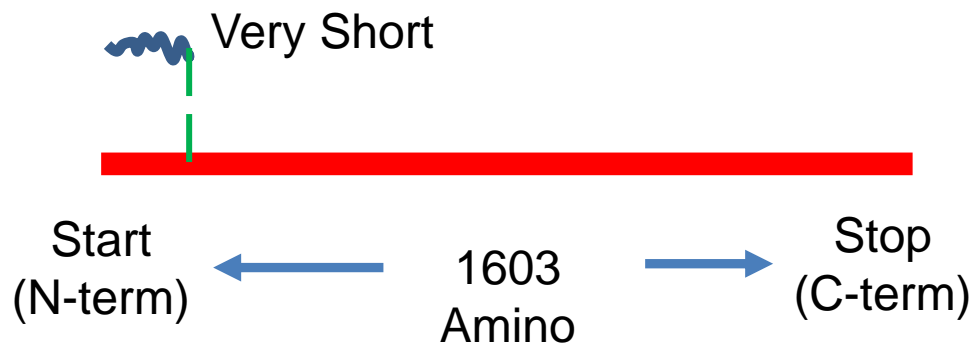
Anecdotal reports of 'mild' cases,

We now know of 4 individuals clearly classed as 'mild,

One is transmitted! (Caveat – mosaicism not eliminated),

All have very short proteins!

Supports gain-of-function model,



Case Report

## Focusing on Autism Spectrum Disorder in Xia-Gibbs Syndrome: Description of a Female with High Functioning Autism and Literature Review

Stefania Della Vecchia<sup>1,2</sup>, Roberta Milone<sup>1</sup>, Romina Cagiano<sup>1</sup>, Sara Calderoni<sup>1,2</sup>, Elisa Santocchi<sup>1</sup>, Rosa Pasquariello<sup>1</sup>, Roberta Battini<sup>1,2,\*</sup> and Filippo Muratori<sup>1,2</sup>

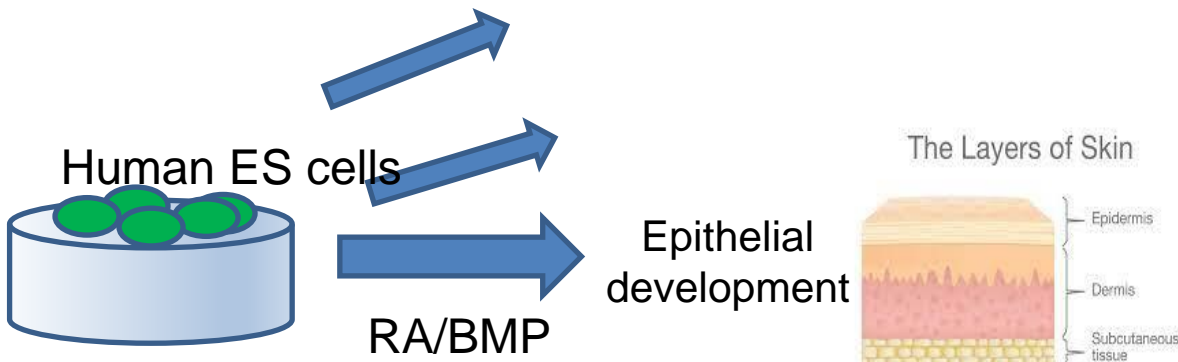
<sup>1</sup> Department of Developmental Neuroscience, IRCCS Stella Maris Foundation, 56128 Calambrone, Italy; stefania.dellavecchia@fsm.unipi.it (S.D.V.); roberta.milone@fsm.unipi.it (R.M.); romina.cagiano@fsm.unipi.it (R.C.); sara.calderoni@fsm.unipi.it (S.C.); elisa.santocchi@fsm.unipi.it (E.S.); rosa.pasquariello@fsm.unipi.it (R.P.); filippo.muratori@fsm.unipi.it (F.M.)

<sup>2</sup> Department of Clinical and Experimental Medicine, University of Pisa, 56126 Pisa, Italy

\* Correspondence: roberta.battini@fsm.unipi.it; Fax: +39-050-886-247

## Other AHDC1 Laboratory Studies:

- Studied genes involved in early differentiation to skin,
- One of 50 important genes was AHDC1,
- AHDC1 renamed to Gibbin,
- Studied protein in segments,
- Gibbin connects to a lot of 'early developmental' genes,
- Gibbin controls a 'gateway' for this early pathway differentiation,
- Important insight into role of AHDC1 as an early differentiation determinant,



Nature May 2022, online

### Article

## Gibbin mesodermal regulation patterns epithelial development

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-022-04727-9>

Received: 31 December 2020

Accepted: 5 April 2022

Published online: 18 May 2022

Check for updates

Ann Collier<sup>1</sup>, Angela Liu<sup>2</sup>, Jessica Torkelson<sup>1</sup>, Jillian Pattison<sup>1</sup>, Sadhana Gaddam<sup>1</sup>, Hanson Zhen<sup>1</sup>, Tiffany Patel<sup>1</sup>, Kelly McCarthy<sup>1</sup>, Hana Ghanim<sup>2</sup> & Anthony E. Oro<sup>2</sup>✉

Proper ectodermal patterning during human development requires previously identified transcription factors such as GATA3 and p63, as well as positional signalling from regional mesoderm<sup>1–6</sup>. However, the mechanism by which ectoderm and



**Anthony Oro**

- Gibbin regulates process, via many other genes,
- Removal of Gibbin results in hypermethylation
- Removal of Gibbin very severely effects mice,

# Implications of Gibbin Studies:

- Clearly an early developmental role for the gene,
- Shared activity with MECP2, homoeobox proteins,
- Involvement of methylation in early gene expression control,
- Wonderful news for the XGS community,
- Will prompt more methylation (epigenetic) studies,

## Things to remember:

- Experiments are 'knockouts' – very severe mutations,
- No child is born with no copies of AHDC1!
- Only one report of prenatal XGS features – generally later developmental disorder
- Overall, good news for mechanism studies, not bad news for thoughts of therapy.

## Article

# Gibbin mesodermal regulation patterns epithelial development

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-022-04727-9>

Received: 31 December 2020

Accepted: 5 April 2022

Published online: 18 May 2022

 Check for updates

Ann Collier<sup>1</sup>, Angela Liu<sup>2</sup>, Jessica Torkelson<sup>1</sup>, Jillian Pattison<sup>1</sup>, Sadhana Gaddam<sup>1</sup>, Hanson Zhen<sup>1</sup>, Tiffany Patel<sup>1</sup>, Kelly McCarthy<sup>1</sup>, Hana Ghanim<sup>2</sup> & Anthony E. Oro<sup>2</sup>✉

Proper ectodermal patterning during human development requires previously identified transcription factors such as GATA3 and p63, as well as positional signalling from regional mesoderm<sup>1–6</sup>. However, the mechanism by which ectoderm and



**Anthony Oro**



# Other Unexplained AHDC1 Observations:

CLINICAL RESEARCH [www.jasn.org](http://www.jasn.org)

- Association with Kidney disease
- Association with Cancer
- Hibernation??

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.03.07.434299>; this version posted March 8, 2021. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

## Hibernation slows epigenetic aging in yellow-bellied marmots

Gabriela M. Pinho<sup>a,\*</sup>, Julien G. A. Martin<sup>b,\*</sup>, Colin Farrell<sup>c</sup>, Amin Haghani<sup>d</sup>, Joseph A. Zoller<sup>d</sup>, Joshua Zhang<sup>d</sup>, Sagi Snir<sup>e</sup>, Matteo Pellegrini<sup>c</sup>, Robert K. Wayne<sup>a</sup>, Daniel T. Blumstein<sup>a,f,\*</sup> and Steve Horvath<sup>d,g,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, University of California, 621 Young Drive South, Los Angeles, CA 90095–1606, USA

## Exome-Based Rare-Variant Analyses in CKD

Sophia Cameron-Christie,<sup>1</sup> Charles J. Wolock,<sup>2</sup> Emily Groopman,<sup>3</sup> Slavé Petrovski,<sup>1</sup> Sitharthan Kamalakaran,<sup>2</sup> Gundula Povysil,<sup>1,4</sup> Dimitrios Vitsios,<sup>1</sup> Mengqi Zhang,<sup>4,5</sup> Jan Fleckner,<sup>1</sup> Ruth E. March,<sup>6</sup> Sahar Gelfman,<sup>2</sup> Maddalena Marasa<sup>1b</sup>,<sup>3</sup> Yifu Li,<sup>3</sup> Simone Sanna-Cherchi,<sup>3</sup> Krzysztof Kiryluk,<sup>3</sup> Andrew S. Allen,<sup>4,5</sup> Bengt C. Fellström,<sup>7</sup> Carolina Haefliger,<sup>1</sup> Adam Platt,<sup>1</sup> David B. Goldstein,<sup>1,2,4</sup> and Ali G. Gharavi<sup>3,4</sup>

Due to the number of contributing authors, the affiliations are listed at the end of this article.

Received: 5 May 2021 | Revised: 22 July 2021 | Accepted: 23 July 2021  
DOI: 10.1111/cge.14038

ORIGINAL ARTICLE 

## Whole genome sequencing identifies rare germline variants enriched in cancer related genes in first degree relatives of familial pancreatic cancer patients

Ming Tan<sup>1,2,3</sup> | Klaus Brusgaard<sup>1,4</sup> | Anne-Marie Gerdes<sup>5</sup> |  
Michael Bau Mortensen<sup>1,3,6</sup> | Sönke Detlefsen<sup>1,3,7</sup> |  
Ove B. Schaffalitzky de Muckadell<sup>1,2,3</sup> | Maiken Thyregod Joergensen<sup>1,2,3</sup>



John Wiley & Sons

ISSN: 1538-4047 (Print) 1555-8576 (Online) Journal homepage: <https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/kcvt20>

## LINC01133 promotes the progression of cervical cancer by sponging miR-4784 to up-regulate AHDC1

Yan Feng, Luyun Qu, Xiuli Wang & Chunyan Liu

# Awareness of AHDC1 in the Science Community:

- AHDC1/XGS publications increasing,
- Dr. Oro's studies will boost interest,
- Gene Reviews will impact clinical caregivers

NCBI Bookshelf. A service of the National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health.

Adam MP, Mirzaa GM, Pagon RA, et al., editors. GeneReviews® [Internet]. Seattle (WA): University of Washington, Seattle; 1993-2022.

## Xia-Gibbs Syndrome

Varuna Chander, MS  
Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas  
Email: [varuna.chander@bcm.edu](mailto:varuna.chander@bcm.edu)

Michael Wangler, MD  
Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas  
Email: [mw147467@bcm.edu](mailto:mw147467@bcm.edu)

Richard Gibbs, PhD  
Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas  
Email: [agibbs@bcm.edu](mailto:agibbs@bcm.edu)

David Murdock, MD  
Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas  
Email: [dmurdock@gmail.com](mailto:dmurdock@gmail.com)

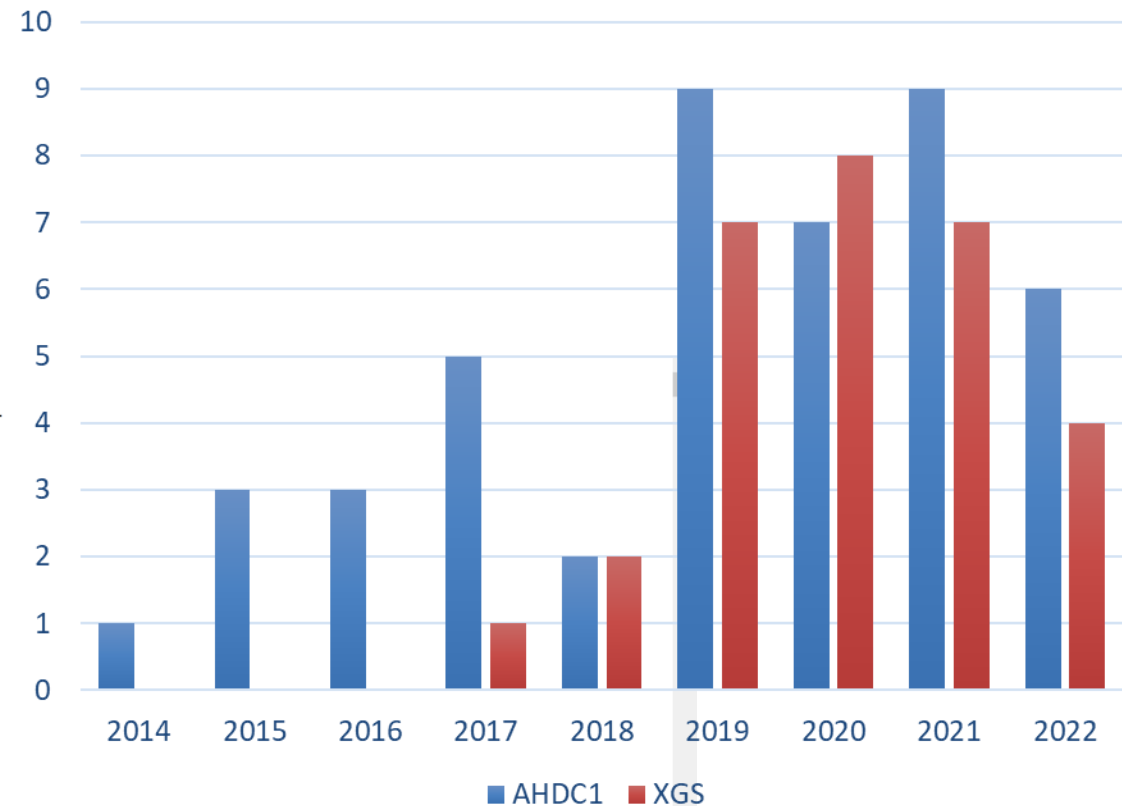
Initial Posting: December 9, 2021.

Estimated reading time: 24 minutes

## Summary

**Clinical characteristics.** The main features of Xia-Gibbs syndrome (XGS), present in a majority of affected individuals, include delayed motor milestones, speech delay with severely limited or absent speech, moderate-to-severe cognitive impairment, hypotonia, structural brain anomalies, and nonspecific dysmorphic features. Other features may include sleep apnea, movement disorders (ataxia, tremors, and bradykinesias) that often become apparent in childhood or adolescence, short stature, seizures, eye anomalies, behavioral concerns, autism spectrum disorder, scoliosis, and laryngomalacia.

- Papers on AHDC1 and XGS



## The Way Ahead:

- 1: The importance of the Registry,
- 2: Expanded genetic testing – more ‘mild’ individuals’?
- 3: Expanded behavioral and cognitive tests,
- 4: Expanded language studies,
- 5: More engagement of different laboratories, sharing,
- 6: More laboratory models: more from the mouse?
- 7: Will XGS be curable?
  - Dr Oro’s studies show very early role for AHDC1/Gibbin,
  - But XGS children do not report extensive prenatal issues,
  - Open question - XGS mutations may be more mild than in laboratory knockouts,
  - Neonatal intervention possible,
  - Full understanding of the protein function is key to designing intervention,

**Final thought:** Some of the most difficult challenges like this have been met. Think of therapy for Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and related advances in Huntingtons Corea and Duchenne's Muscular Dystrophy. Optimism and persistence is key.

- Discussion